

Converting Differential pressure to volumetric flow for SENSO-V and SENSO-V+

Basic formula

$$\dot{V} = K_1 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2 \times \Delta p}{\rho}}$$

- \dot{V} Volumetric flow m^3/s
 K_1 Constant m^2
 Δp Pressure difference Pa
 ρ Air density kg/m^3

Variants

or $\dot{V}_h = K_3 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\Delta p}{\rho}}$

or $\dot{V}_h = K_2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2 \times \Delta p}{\rho}}$ *

- \dot{V}_h Volumenstrom m^3/h

$$K_2 = K_1 \cdot 3600 \frac{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}}{\text{h}}$$

$$K_3 = K_1 \cdot 3600 \cdot \sqrt{2} \frac{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}}{\text{h}} = K_1 \cdot 5091 \frac{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}}{\text{h}}$$

* used in SENSO products

The K-Value is provided by the manufacturer of the instrument with which the pressure difference is obtained and is theoretically

$$K_1 = \alpha \cdot \varepsilon \cdot A_d$$

- α Orifice coefficient (dimensionless)
 ε Expansion coefficient (dimensionless)
 A_d Aperture cross-section of the differential pressure device m^2

$$\Delta p = w^2 \cdot \frac{\rho}{2} \Rightarrow w = \sqrt{\frac{2 \times \Delta p}{\rho}}$$

- w Velocity m/s

Measurement units

$$\text{Pa} = \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} = \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}^2 \cdot \text{m}}$$

$$\text{N} = \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$