





# Features

- Active control of artificial lighting
- 0-10Vdc or 4-20mA output
- Maximum energy efficiency
- Four selectable ranges:
  - 0-1000lux
  - 0-10000lux
  - 0-50000lux
  - 0-100000lux
- Optimise light levels
- Precalibrated in Lux for ease of installation

## **Technical Data**

Power supply 24Vac/dc (16-36Vdc)

current consumption max.10mA at 24Vdc

LLV

Sensor photodiode

Measuring range 0-1000Lux/10klux/50klux/100klux

switchable via dip-switch.

Output 4-20mA

0-10Vdc

**Ambient temp.** -30...+70degree

Electrical connect. 1,5mm2 via terminal screws on

circuit board, shielded cable.

Measuring error < +/- 10% of final value

Protection class IP54 according to IEC529

**Standards** CE conformity, electromagnetic

compatibility according to EN 61326

EMC directive 89/336/EWG

# **Application**

LLC/LLV is an external light level transmitter designed for use in the active control of artificial lighting.

LLC/LLV is made to optimise light levels and to achieve maximum energy.

LLC/LLV is build and dseigned for outdoor facilities.

The high levels of lux is used for sunshade systems.

The light level increases or decreases automatically via control equipment depending on the level of light alternative swicth off/ on depenping on lux value.

### **Design Features**

LLC/LLV transmitters use photo-diode cells to detect light levels in a selection of lux ranges, providing a linear 0-10Vdc or 4-20mA signal.

The measuring range for LLC/LLV is easily set by a dip-switch.

### Measuring Ranges



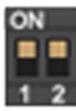
0-1000lux



0-10000lux



0-50000lux



0-100000lux

# **Ordering Codes**

**LLC 420** External light level transmitter 4-20mA

selecteable ranges

**LLV 010** External light level transmitter 0-10Vdc

selecteable ranges

Automatikprodukter

# LLC LLV

## **Installation and Connection Details**

All connections to BEMS controllers, data recorders etc. should be made using screened cable.

Normally, the screen should be earthed at one end only (usally the controller end) to avoid earth hum loops which can create noise.

Low voltage signal and supply cables should be routed separately from high voltage or mains cabling.

Seperate conduit or cable tray should be used.

Where possible, the controller's earth should be connected to a FUNCTIONAL EARTH, rather than the mains safety earth.

This will provide better immunity to high frequency noise.

Most modern buildings have a seperate earth for this purpose.

# **Operational Data**

#### Typical Daylight Conditions:

Dusk 15-20lux
Average daylight 2000lux
Bright sunlight 20000+lux

#### Service Illuminations:

Minimum for outdoor areas

Exterior walkways & carparks

Industrial circulation areas, stores etc

Minimum task lighting

General officies & retail areas

500lux

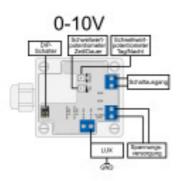
Fine task, machine operation, precision ass.

25lux

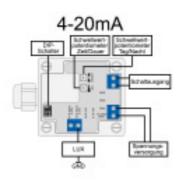
50lux

50lux

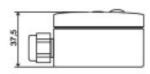
# Co--ecti-g Diagram 0-10Vdc

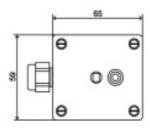


# Co--ecti-g Diagram 4-20mA

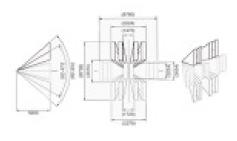


## Dime-sio-s





# Coverage



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